

# Fund Factsheet

## Managed (Pension)

As at 30 November 2011

### Fund objective

The investments are made at the discretion of the investment managers, whose objective is to maximise the overall return from investments covering the UK and overseas equities, gilt-edged and fixed interest stock and property.

### Investment approach

UK and overseas equities, gilts and fixed-interest stock and property are acquired through investment in the other Halifax funds and/or by direct investment.

### Fund managers commentary

November was a volatile month for global equity markets. Things could have been much worse, however, were it not for co-ordinated action on the last day of trading by the world's main central banks. The move was aimed at easing pressures in the global financial system. During November, we reduced exposure to equities, leaving proceeds in cash. Given the significant downside risk associated with the eurozone, we decided to take some further equity risk off the table. We will look to re-invest when technical signals again provide a buy signal. (As at 30 November 2011. Source: Scottish Widows Investment Partnership Ltd)

### Fund performance

#### Discrete performance

%	30 Nov 06 30 Nov 07	30 Nov 07 28 Nov 08	28 Nov 08 30 Nov 09	30 Nov 09 30 Nov 10	30 Nov 10 30 Nov 11
Pension	5.07	-23.24	20.39	9.58	0.31

Basis: % growth, bid to bid in sterling. Returns are shown net of annual management charges only, with gross income reinvested. Returns are calculated using the single priced pension fund.

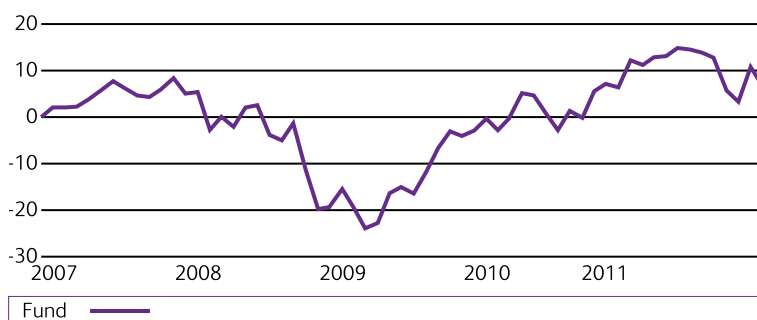
Source all returns: Lipper, a REUTERS company

#### Cumulative performance

%	1 Mth	3 Mths	YTD	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5Yrs
Pension	-3.67	0.94	-4.89	0.31	32.34	6.73
Benchmark	-0.12	1.94	-1.65	3.59	40.15	15.11

Source all returns: Lipper, a REUTERS company

#### Cumulative investment performance – over 5 years



Basis: % growth, total return (net), bid to bid sterling. Returns are shown net of annual management charges. This figure does not reflect initial charges. Source all returns: Lipper, a REUTERS company Chart start date: 30/11/2006

### Fund facts

Fund management house	Scottish Widows Investment Partnership Ltd
Fund manager	Jeff King
Pension fund size (£m)	642.19
Number of holdings	12
<b>Launch date</b>	
Pension	06/03/2000
<b>Annual management charge</b>	
Pension	0.50% - 1.45%
ABI Sector	Mixed Investment 40%-85% Shares
IMA Sector	-
Benchmark	Composite
Availability	Pension

**Contact details:** For further information please contact **Adviser Services** on **0870 607 6771** or visit [www.bankofscotland.co.uk/privateclients](http://www.bankofscotland.co.uk/privateclients)

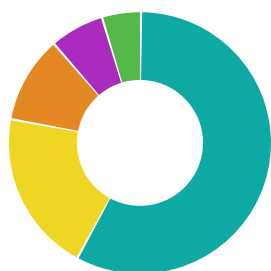
**Important notes:** Past performance is not a guide to future performance. The investment's value and the income from it will fall as well as rise and may be affected by market and currency movements. You may get back less than originally invested. Cash on deposit is more secure, generally more accessible and provides greater certainty of growth.

This document is provided for the purpose of information only. This factsheet is intended for individuals who are familiar with investment terminology. Please contact your financial adviser if you need an explanation of the terms used. This material should not be relied upon as sufficient information to support an investment decision

# Managed (Pension)

As at 30 November 2011

## Fund sector breakdown



UK equities	58.3%
Overseas equities	20.0%
Fixed Interest	10.6%
Property	6.5%
Cash	4.6%

## Geographic distribution

Data is not available for this fund

## Top holdings

	%
EQUITABLE LIFE A S EQUITABLE PEN PELICAN	55.2
HALIFAX LIFE NORTH AMERICAN PEN DUAL	11.2
EQUITABLE LIFE A S EQUITABLE PEN GILT&FXD INT	8.2
HALIFAX LIFE PROPERTY PENSION DUAL	6.5
HALIFAX LIFE MONEY PENSION DUAL	4.6
HALIFAX LIFE EUROPEAN PENSION DUAL	4.4
HALIFAX LIFE SMALLER COMPANIES PENS DUAL	3.1
HALIFAX LIFE JAPANESE PENSION DUAL	2.6
HLL MAN DI PEN FD MUTUAL FUND GBP	2.4
HALIFAX LIFE FAR EASTERN PENS DUAL	1.8
	100.0

## Glossary

**ABI Sector** – The Association of British Insurers classification scheme for life and pension funds that share similar characteristics, e.g. Balanced Managed

**Annual management charge** – A charge taken from the fund sometimes referred to as yearly management charge. The charge is expressed as a percentage per annum but is normally taken daily from the fund

**Asset allocation** – The process of dividing investments among different kinds of asset classes such as stocks, bonds, property and cash

**Benchmark** – A measure against which the performance of a fund is compared. The benchmark could be an index for example the FTSE 100, or a sector average

**Bid price** – The price at which you can sell units of a fund

**Bonds (Fixed Interest Securities)** – A bond can be issued by either a company (corporate bond) or a government (gilt) and is a way of raising capital. Most bonds promise to pay a fixed rate of interest for a given period of time, at the end of which the holders are repaid the capital sum

**Cumulative Performance** – Represents total return over a given period

**Discrete Performance** – Represents individual yearly performance

**Dividends** – A portion of a company's profit paid to the shareholders

**Equities** – Commonly used term for shares in a company

**IMA Sector** – The Investment Management Association classification scheme for OEIC/ISA funds that share similar characteristics, e.g. Cautious Managed

**Net Asset Value (NAV)** – The value of an entity's assets less the value of its liabilities

**OEIC (Open Ended Investment Company)** – An OEIC is a pooled investment fund of variable size set up as a company. It owns investment assets, for example stocks and shares, gilts, bonds and other financial instruments. The size of an OEIC varies reflecting the market value of its underlying investments

**Offer Price** – The price at which you can buy units of a fund

**Sector Average** – The average performance of all the funds within a particular sector, for example the IMA Balanced Managed sector

**Underweight/Overweight** – Funds have a target allocation to a particular sector or asset type, for example a managed fund may have a target allocation to equities of 50%. If the fund holds 52% in equities it is said to be overweight equities. Similarly if the fund holds 48% in equities it is said to be underweight equities

**Yield (Historical)** – reflects distribution declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the mid market unit price, as at the date shown.

**Yield (Distribution)** – reflects the amount that may be expected to be distributed over the next twelve months as a percentage of the mid-market price of the fund as at the date shown. It is based on the snapshot of the portfolio on that day.

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